

## GPCR

**CCR1 – C-C Chemokine Receptor type 1** 

# # PL021

**Protein Catalog** 

### **Product specification**

Acronym: CCR1 Synonyms: HM145, LD78 receptor, RANTES-R, MIP-1alpha-R Origin species : Human Protein reference : P32246 (UniProtKB) NP\_001286.1 (GenBank)

Expression system: E.coli based CFPS Format: Proteoliposomes Protein sequence: Met1 – Phe355 Tag : 6xHis tag (N-ter) Cleavage site: Factor Xa Product MW: 43.7 kDa Application: Drug screening & discovery, antibody development, structural biology

Family: GPCR class A

#### **Product description**

The ligands of this receptor include macrophage inflammatory protein 1 alpha (MIP-1 alpha), regulated on activation normal T expressed and secreted protein (RANTES), monocyte chemoattractant protein 3 (MCP-3), and myeloid progenitor inhibitory factor-1 (MPIF-1). These chemokines and their receptor mediated signal transduction are critical for the recruitment of effector immune cells to the site of inflammation. CCR1-C-C Chemokine Receptor type 1-is one of the most prevalent targets for drug development according to the distribution of patents for small molecule inhibitors of chemokine receptors.

#### **Recombinant protein sequence**

His tag – factor X cleavage site – METPNTTEDYDTTTEFDYGDATPCQKVNERAFGAQLLPPLYSLVFVIGLVGNILVVLVLVQYKRLKNMTSIYLLNLAISDLLFLFTLP FWIDYKLKDDWVFGDAMCKILSGFYYTGLYSEIFFIILLTIDRYLAIVHAVFALRARTVTFGVITSIIIWALAILASMPGLYFSKTQWE FTHHTCSLHFPHESLREWKLFQALKLNLFGLVLPLLVMIICYTGIIKILLRRPNEKKSKAVRLIFVIMIIFFLFWTPYNLTILISVFQDFL FTHECEQSRHLDLAVQVTEVIAYTHCCVNPVIYAFVGERFRKYLRQLFHRRVAVHLVKWLPFLSVDRLERVSSTSPSTGEHELSAGF

#### **Purity:**

Liposomes are directly incorporated into the Cell-Free reaction, thus, some impurities from the *E.coli* lysate might be present in the proteoliposomes. A negative control (proteoliposomes without the protein of interest) can be provided (useful for screening, immunization...).

The purity can be improved by protein expression in detergent and relipidification after purification step(s).

**Purification procedure:** CCR1 proteoliposomes are purified on a sucrose gradient.

*NB* : *Migration of membrane proteins on SDS-PAGE can results in « gel shifting » due to the presence of hairpins (helix-loop-helix)*<sup>1-3</sup>.

#### References :

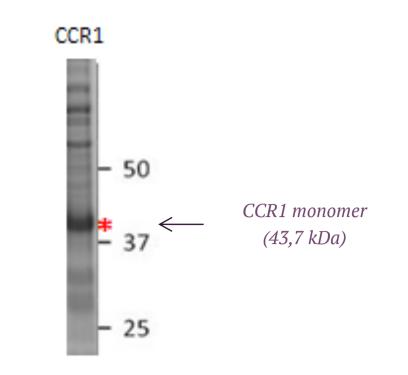
1 – Rath A., et al., Detergent binding explains anomalous SD-PAGE migration of membrane proteins PNAS, 2009 Feb 10, vol. 106

2 – Rath A., et al., Acrylamide concentration determines the direction and magnitude of helical membrane protein gel shifts, PNAS, 2013 Sep 24, 110(39)

3 – Rath A., et al., Correction factors for membrane protein molecular weight readouts on sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrilamide gel electrophoresis, Anal. Biochem., 2013 Mar 1, 434(1)

#### Formulation

**Buffer:** Available in Hepes 50mM, pH 7.5 with cryoprotectants. Other buffers or customized formulation can be provided upon request.



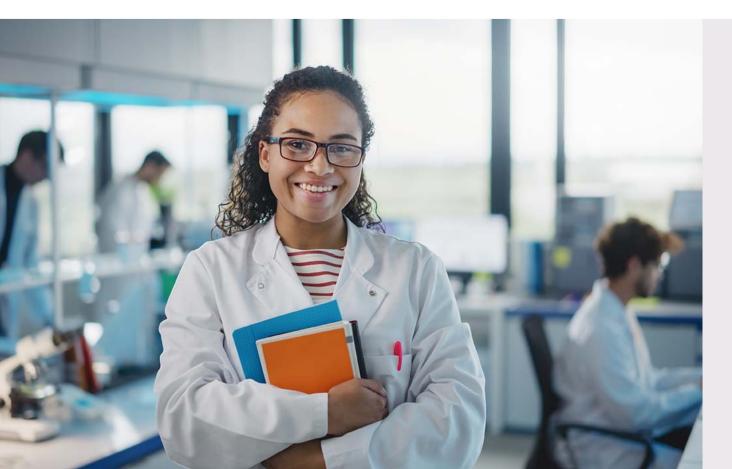
*Fig.1: Identification of CCR1 in proteoliposomes by Western blot using an anti-6xHis antibody).* 

**Customized Hydrophobic matrix:** Customized formulation with specific lipids like PEGylated or biotinylated lipids can be used upon request, as well as targeting molecules.

**Storage/Stability:** Store at +4°C for up to one week or several months at -80°C. Aliquot for storage. Do not freeze-thaw after aliquoting.

**Use restrictions:** For life science research use only.

**Available sizes:** 10 µg, 50 µg, 100 µg, customized quantity on request.



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